August - 2009

[KV 702] Sub. Code:4169

FIRST B.D.S DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Regulations for the candidates admitted from 2008-09 onwards)

Paper II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY O.P. Code: 544169

Time: Three hours Maximum: 70 Marks

Answer Section A & B in SEPARATE Answer Books. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS SECTION A (HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Essay: $1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

1. Describe the structure of neuromuscular junction with the help of a diagram and explain the mechanism of transmission of nerve impulse across it.

II. Write Short Notes On: 3X 5 = 15 Marks

- 1. Functions of plasma proteins.
- 2. Milk ejection reflex.
- 3. Surfactant.

III. Short Answers questions: 3X 2 = 6 Marks

- 1. Two functions of kidney.
- 2. Two functions of synapse.
- 3. Two functions of gall bladder.

SECTION B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Essay: $1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

1. Describe the biochemical functions, dietry requirement, sources and metabolism of calcium.

II. Write Short Notes On: 3X 5 = 15 Marks

- 1. Glycogen storage diseases.
- 2. Specialised products from tyrosine.
- 3. Ketogenesis.

III. Short Answers questions: 2X 2 = 4 Marks

- 1. Lipotropic factors.
- 2. Scurvy.

[KX 702] Sub. Code:4169

FIRST B.D.S DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Regulations for the candidates admitted from 2008-09 onwards)

Paper II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

O.P. Code: 544169

Time: Three hours Maximum: 70 Marks

Answer Section A & B in SEPARATE Answer Books.

Answer ALL Questions SECTION A (HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Essay: $1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

1. How are Leucocytes classified? Describe the morphology properties and functions of each type of Leucocyte.

II. Write Short Notes on:

2x 5 = 10 Marks

- 1. Functions of Thalamus.
- 2. Electrocardiogram.

III. Short Answers questions:

 $5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Why the lactating female does not menstruate?
- 2. Name the major anions and cations in intracellular and extracellular fluids.
- 3. Artificial Respiration.
- 4. Juxtaglomerular Apparatus.
- 5. Compare and contrast first and second heart sounds.

SECTION B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Essay: $1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$

1. How is ammonia formed? Describe the reactions in the synthesis of urea.

II. Write Short Notes on:

 $2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Classification of Enzymes.
- 2. Ascorbic acid.

III. Short Answers questions:

 $5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Flurosis.
- 2. Essential Fatty acids.
- 3. Substrate level phosphorylation.
- 4. Gout Etiology and give two clinical features.
- 5. Plasma Calcium level.

February 2011

[KY 702] Sub. Code:4169

FIRST B.D.S DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Regulations for the candidates admitted from 2008-09 onwards)

Paper II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY O.P. Code: 544169

Time: Three hours Maximum: 70 Marks

Answer Section A & B in SEPARATE Answer Books.

Answer ALL questions SECTION A

(HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Essay: $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

1. What is anemia? Classify the types of anemia on morphological and etiological basis. Add a note on red blood cell indices.

II. Write short notes on:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- 1. Neural and chemical regulation of respiration.
- 2. Define cardiac output and factors regulating it.

III. Short Answers questions:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Functions of liver.
- 2. Innervation of urinary bladder.
- 3. Define arterial blood pressure.
- 4. Structure of skeletal muscle.
- 5. Receptors of vision.

SECTION B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Essay: $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

1. Describe the regulations of Blood glucose level. Add a note on diabetes mellitus and its biochemical investigations.

II. Write short notes on:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- 1. Coenzymic forms, functions and deficiency manifestations of Vitamin B12.
- 2. Ketogenesis.

III. Short Answers questions:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Gene mutation.
- 2. Allosteric Inhibition.
- 3. Name the aromatic amino acids.
- 4. Heparin.
- 5. Second messengers.

[KZ 702] Sub. Code: 4169

FIRST B.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q. P. Code: 544169

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer **ALL** questions

Answer Section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Essay Questions:

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$

1. Name the Respiratory centres. Explain the Neural and Chemical regulation of Respiration.

II. Write Short notes on:

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- 1. Functions of Blood.
- 2. Cardiac Output.
- 3. Cretinism.
- 4. Functions of Placenta.
- 5. Functions of Kidney.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Essay Questions:

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$

1. Describe in detail the chemistry, sources, RDA, metabolic role & deficiency manifestations of folic acid in the human body.

II. Write Short notes on:

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- 1. Biochemical Role of Vitamin K & its deficiency manifestations.
- 2. Glucose tolerance test.
- 3. Pathway of Gluconeogenesis from amino acids.
- 4. Dietary fibres and their role in human nutrition.
- 5. Classify Mutations with examples.

February 2012

[LA 653] Sub. Code: 4169

FIRST B.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

O.P. Code: 544169

Maximum: 70 marks

Time: 3 hours (180 Min)

Answer ALL questions in the same order.
Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary
Answer Section A and B in Separate Answer Books
SECTION –A
(HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Describe the intrinsic mechanism of coagulation.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Helper T cells.
- 2. Conducting system of heart.
- 3. Proteolytic enzymes of pancreatic juice.
- 4. Actions of thyroid hormones.
- 5. Refractive errors of eye.

SECTION –B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define and classify enzymes. List out and explain the factors influencing enzyme activity. Add notes on enzymes of clinical interest.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Deficiency manifestations of calcium, phosphorus and fluorine
- 2. Deficiency manifestations and hypervitaminosis of vitamin A
- 3. Tricarboxylicacid cycle
- 4. a. Normal values of Lipid profiles
 - b. Plasma lipoproteins
- 5. Classify proteins based on composition and solubility, function, shape and based on nutritional value.

[LB 653] AUGUST 2012 Sub. Code: 4169

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P.Code: 544169

Answer ALL questions in the same order Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer Section A and B in Separate Answer Books SECTION –A (HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

(HUMAN FHISIOLOGI)			
I. Elaborate on:	Pages Time Marks (Max.)(Max.)		
1. Define Erythropoiesis. Discuss in detail the factors			
affecting erythropoiesis. Add a note on anaemia.	19	30	20
II. Write Notes on:			
1. Juxta – glomerular apparatus (JGA).	3	10	5
2. Hormones and their actions of posterior pituitary.	3	10	5
3. Functions of bile.	3	10	5
4. Structure of platelets.	3	10	5
5. Oxygen – hemoglobin dissociation curve.	3	10	5
6. Active transport across the cell membrane.	3	10	5
SECTION -B (BIOCHEMISTRY)			
I. Elaborate on:			
1. What are water soluble vitamins? Discuss the			
Chemistry, Sources, requirements functions and			
deficiency manifestations of Vitamin C.	19	30	20
II. Write Notes on:			
1. Essential fatty acids.	3	10	5
2. GTT.	3	10	5
3. Maintenance of plasma calcium.	3	10	5
4. Liver function test.	3	10	5
5. Gout.	3	10	5
6. Urea Cycle.	3	10	5

[LC 653]

FEBRUARY 2013

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P.Code: 544169

Time: 180 Minutes

Maximum: 70 Marks

Sub. Code: 4169

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary
Answer Section A and B in Separate Answer Books
SECTION –A
(HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on:

(1x10=10)

1. Define Glomerular Filtration Rate (GRF). What is the normal value? Discuss the various factors regulating GFR.

II. Write notes on:

(5x5=25)

- 1. Movements of small intestine.
- 2. Functions of skin
- 3. Reticulo- endothelial system(RES)
- 4. Formation and functions of surfactant
- 5. Properties of cardiac muscle.

SECTION -B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on:

(1x10=10)

1. Explain transamination and deamination for the liberation of ammonia and urea cycle for its utilization. Add a note on the regulation of urea cycle.

II. Write notes on:

(5x5=25)

- 1. Functions, sources and diseases of Vitamin D
- 2. Factors regulating plasma calcium level
- 3. Essential amino acids
- 4. Classification of mutations with examples
- 5. Kidney function tests

[LD 653] AUGUST 2013 Sub. Code: 4169

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P.Code: 544169

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary
Answer Section A and B in Separate Answer Books
SECTION –A
(HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: (1x10=10)

1. Describe the regulation of arterial blood pressure.

II. Write Notes on: (5x5=25)

- 1. Functions of the thyroid hormones.
- 2. Composition and functions of pancreatic juice.
- 3. Draw and label the visual pathway.
- 4. Anatomical dead space and its determination.
- 5. Briefly discuss the endocrine functions of hypothalamus.

SECTION –B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: (1x10=10)

1. What is the normal serum calcium level? Elaborate on the maintenance of calcium homeostasis.

II. Write Notes on: (5x5=25)

- 1. Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level.
- 2. Ascorbic acid.
- 3. Dietary fibres& their role in human nutrition.
- 4. Phenylketonuria.
- 5. Transaminases.

Sub. Code:4169

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: (1X10=10)

1. What is haemostasis? Describe the intrinsic mechanism of blood coagulation. Add a note on bleeding disorders.

II. Write Notes on: (5X5=25)

- 1. Write about Saltatory conduction and its advantages.
- 2. Heart sounds
- 3. Define hypoxia. Explain its types.
- 4. Explain functions of Juxtaglomerular apparatus
- 5. Functions of Growth hormone

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: (1X10=10)

1. Write in detail about Tri Carboxylic Acid cycle with energetics.

II. Write Notes on: (5X5=25)

- 1. Biochemical functions of vitamin C
- 2. Gout
- 3. Renal function tests
- 4. Factors regulating plasma calcium level
- 5. Competitive inhibition

Q.P Code: 544169

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: (1X10=10)

1. Describe the metabolic actions of Thyroid hormones. Add note on hypothyroidism.

II. Write Notes on: (5X5=25)

- 1. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate
- 2. Heart sounds
- 3. Functions of saliva
- 4. Vital capacity
- 5. Ovulation

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{SECTION} - \textbf{B} \\ \textbf{(BIOCHEMISTRY)} \end{array}$

I. Elaborate on: (1X10=10)

1. Explain citric acid cycle and its energetic.

II. Write Notes on: (5X5=25)

- 1. Glycosaminoglycans
- 2. Enzyme classification
- 3. Functions, sources and diseases of vitamin A deficiency
- 4. Structure of transfer RNA
- 5. Ketone bodies

Q.P Code: 544169

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Describe Neural regulations of respiration. Add a note on Vital capacity.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Write a note on anticoagulants.
- 2. Define venous return. Explain about factors regulating venous return.
- 3. Physiology of pain.
- 4. Write a note on Cushing's syndrome.
- 5. Errors of refraction.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Name the ketone bodies. Explain in detail the formation, utilization and clinical conditions associated with ketone bodies.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Disorders of tyrosine metabolism.
- 2. Glycolysis.
- 3. Classification of enzymes.
- 4. Biochemical functions of thiamine.
- 5. Serum calcium homeostasis.

Q.P. Code: 544169

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 70 marks

Answer All Questions

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary

Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A

(GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Enumerate the hormones secreted by the thyroid gland.

Describe the actions and regulation of secretion of thyroxine.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Anticoagulants.
- 2. Conducting system of heart.
- 3. Formation and functions of CSF.
- 4. Composition and functions of Surfactant.
- 5. Oral Contraceptives.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{SECTION} - \textbf{B} \\ \textbf{(BIOCHEMISTRY)} \end{array}$

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

What is the normal blood glucose level?
 Describe the hormonal regulation of blood sugar level and give the three features of Diabetes mellitus.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Essential fatty acids.
- 2. Phenyl ketonuria.
- 3. Role of fluoride in dental health.
- 4. Niacin.
- 5. Classify mutations with examples.

Q.P. Code: 544169

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define Blood pressure? Describe the factors maintaining blood pressure and add a note on short term regulation of arterial blood pressure?

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Factors affecting GFR.
- 2. Actions of glucocorticoids.
- 3. Pupillary light reflex.
- 4. Functions of thalamus.
- 5. Rh Incompatibility.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Describe in detail the chemistry, sources, requirements, metabolic functions and deficiency manifestations of Vitamin C.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Glucose Tolerance Test (GTT).
- 2. Enzymes of clinical significance.
- 3. Dietary fibres and their role in human nutrition.
- 4. Structure and function of transfer RNA.
- 5. Renal function tests.

Sub. Code:4202

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. What is Erythropoiesis? Describe the various stages in the development of RBC. Mention the factors needed for erythropoiesis.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Conducting system of the heart.
- 2. Write phases of endometrial cycle.
- 3. Hypoxia and its types.
- 4. Actions of Glucocorticoids.
- 5. Functions of hypothalamus.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. What is the normal serum calcium level? Elaborate on the maintenance of calcium homeostasis.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Polysaccharides.
- 2. Competitive Inhibition.
- 3. Essential aminoacids.
- 4. Scurvy.
- 5. Jaundice.

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define cardiac output. Describe factors regulating it. Add a note on measurement of cardiac output.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate.
- 2. Heart Sounds.
- 3. Composition and functions of Saliva.
- 4. Vital capacity.
- 5. Ovulation.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Explain beta oxidation of fatty acids with its energetics.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Functions, sources and diseases of thiamine deficiency.
- 2. Complications of Diabetes Mellitus.
- 3. Serum calcium regulation.
- 4. Gout.
- 5. Essential amino acids.

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Enumerate the hormones secreted by anterior pituitary gland. Describe the actions of growth hormone.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Classification of Anaemia.
- 2. Spermatogenesis.
- 3. Functions of thalamus.
- 4. Lead II ECG.
- 5. Contraception.

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Name the water soluble vitamins. Describe the deficiency manifestations of vitamin C, vitamin A and vitamin D in detail.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Any two enzymes of diagnostic significance.
- 2. Phospholipids.
- 3. Significance of HMP shunt pathway.
- 4. Regulation of plasma calcium level.
- 5. Genetic code.

Sub. Code: 4202

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM

PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define cardiac cycle. Describe the mechanical events of cardiac cycle.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Erythroblastosis fetalis.
- 2. ABO Blood group system.
- 3. Write a note on Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR).
- 4. Coronary circulation.
- 5. Types of Hypoxia.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{SECTION} - \textbf{B} \\ \textbf{(BIOCHEMISTRY)} \end{array}$

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Write down the normal calcium and phosphorus levels. Describe the functions of calcium, phosphorus and vitamin D in detail.

II. Write Notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Glycogen storage diseases.
- 2. Isoenzymes.
- 3. Plasmalipoproteins.
- 4. Any two inborn errors of amino acid metabolism.
- 5. Liver function tests.

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM

PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define menstrual cycle. Explain the Endometrial and ovarian changes during menstrual cycle.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Factors affecting Erythropoiesis.
- 2. Conducting system of heart.
- 3. Trace the pain pathway.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Sarcomere.
- 2. Action potential.
- 3. Function of growth hormone.
- 4. Name the various respiratory centres.
- 5. Receptors for vision.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{SECTION} - \textbf{B} \\ \textbf{(BIOCHEMISTRY)} \end{array}$

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Normal Blood Glucose level. List out the Hormones Regulate Blood Glucose level. Add Notes on Diabetes Mellitus.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Ascorbic Acid.
- 2. Lipid profiles significance of Cholesterol.
- 3. Fluorosis.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Significance of transfer RNA.
- 2. Gout.
- 3. Substances level elevated in Renal diseases and their normal values.
- 4. Definition of Genetic code.
- 5. Specialized products formed from Tyrosine.

Sub. Code: 4202

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM

PAPER II - GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define Blood Pressure. Describe the factors maintaining Blood Pressure. Add a note on short term regulation of Blood Pressure.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Composition and function of saliva.
- 2. Describe the structure of neuromuscular junction.
- 3. Explain Oxygen Hemoglobin Dissociation curve.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate.
- 2. Cretinism and Dwarfism.
- 3. Functions of Liver.
- 4. Draw a labelled diagram of a simple reflex arc.
- 5. Name two Anti-Coagulant

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{SECTION} - \textbf{B} \\ \textbf{(BIOCHEMISTRY)} \end{array}$

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. What is the normal level of Blood Urea? Describe the synthesis of Urea and add a note on Metabolic disorders associated with Urea Cycle.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Define and Name Polysaccharides.
- 2. Mutation.
- 3. Deficiency Manifestation of Vitamin A.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Essential Amino Acids.
- 2. Essential Fatty Acids.
- 3. Enzymes clinically Important (Any two with their normal values and clinical significance).
- 4. Reducing property of sugar.
- 5. Examples for Dietary Fibers.

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM

PAPER II-GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

SECTION – A (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define Hemostasis. Discuss blood coagulation in detail.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Stages of Deglutition with a diagram.
- 2. Transport of carbon-di-oxide.
- 3. Contraception in females.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. State Bell Magendie law.
- 2. Draw a neatly labeled diagram of ECG and causes of each wave.
- 3. Mention any two functions of plasma proteins.
- 4. Mention any two peculiarities of renal circulation.
- 5. What is meant by Proprioception? What are the receptors for Proprioception?

SECTION – B (BIOCHEMISTRY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Write in detail about Tricarboxylic Acid Cycle with energetics.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Dietary fibers and their role in human nutrition.
- 2. Mucopolysaccharides.
- 3. Biochemical functions and deficiency manifestations of Vitamin D.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Scurvy.
- 2. Enzymes associated with liver function.
- 3. Ketosis.
- 4. Function of tRNA and mRNA.
- 5. Beri-beri.

FIRST YEAR B.D.S. DEGREE EXAM

Sub. Code: 4202

PAPER II – GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P. Code: 544202

Time: 180 Minutes Maximum: 70 Marks

Draw Suitable diagrams wherever necessary Answer section A and B in Separate Answer Books

<u>SECTION – A</u> (GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY)

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Describe functions of Glucocorticoids. Add a note on Cushing's syndrome.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Milk Ejection Reflex.
- 2. Spermatogenesis.
- 3. Growth hormone.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Referred pain.
- 2. List various methods of measuring cardiac output.
- 3. Positive feedback mechanism.
- 4. Oral contraceptives.
- 5. Dead space.

$\frac{SECTION - B}{(BIOCHEMISTRY)}$

I. Elaborate on: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. How ketone bodies are produced in liver? Describe the utilization of ketone bodies by brain in starvation and diabetic conditions.

II. Write Notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 1. Phospholipids.
- 2. Clinical significance of liver function tests.
- 3. Define and classify Jaundice.

III. Short answers: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Synthesis of glucose from amino acids.
- 2. Antioxidant vitamins.
- 3. Sodium and potassium.
- 4. Balanced diet.
- 5. Rickets.